Midterm Review

Administration 2

Midterm

80 minutes, start promptly at 14:05

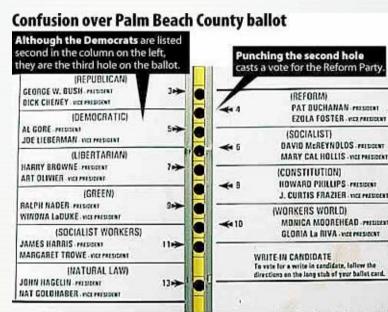
- Style:
 - -Short answer
 - -Essay: apply a concept
 - Problem solving: programming (limited)

Learning Goals

- Express yourself in executable form
- Basics of what is hard and easy to rapidly prototype
- Terminology and approaches used by programmers, so you can work with them
- Experience pain of programming
- Design and conduct informal user tests

User Interfaces Introduction

- Terms: Users, user interfaces, usability
- Why are interfaces important?

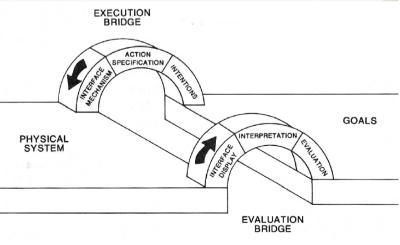


Sun-Sentinel graphic/Daniel Niblock

- Why are interfaces hard to design?
- Why are interfaces hard to implement?

What is Design?

- Terms: design, affordances, user conceptual model, constraints, natural mappings, feedback
- Good and bad examples
- Norman's 7 stages
- Gulf of evaluation and gulf of execution
- Tradeoffs/issues
- Design support
- How designers work



Usability Engineering Design

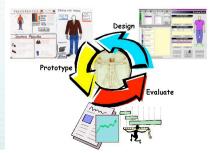
Process

Terms: waterfall model, iterative process

10 steps of process, issues

- 1. Study the users and their tasks
- 2. Study the competition
- 3. Set usability goals
- 4. Participatory Design
- 5. Coordinating the Total Interface for Consistency
 - Include documentation, help, etc.
- 6. Guidelines and Heuristic Evaluation
 - Evaluate your interface according to the guidelines.
- 7. Make prototypes of the system early and quickly
 - Actually is faster to prototype first
- 8. Empirical testing
- 9. Iterative design
- 10. Collect feedback from field use

Obstacles/warnings





Prototyping

- Terms: prototype, lo-fi, medium-fi, high-fi
- What, why, who, when, how
- Types of prototypes
- Types of prototyping
- Trade-offs
- Testing
- Support tools
- Paper prototyping exercise/lessons

UI Software Organization

- Terms: separation of concerns, windows system, windows manager, toolkit, UIDE
- UI flow
- Models
 - Model-View-Controller
 - Object-oriented
- Layers of UI software
- Window System: input and output model
- Window Manager
- Toolkit and High-Level Tools

Debugging

- Terms: bug, debugging
- Why debug?
- Why is it hard?
- Types of bugs, how to fix
- Debugging steps and approach
- Debugging strategies
- Tools

Output Styles

- Terms: metaphors, styles
- Issues with interaction styles
 - How do you choose?
- Interaction styles: pros/cons
 - 1. Question and answer,
 - 2. Single character commands and/or function keys,
 - 3. Command Language,
 - 4. Menus
 - 5. Forms/Dialogue Boxes
 - 6. Direct Manipulation
 - 7. WYSIWYG
 - -- really is a subclass of DM, not another style
 - 8. Gestures
 - 9. Natural Language
 - **10. Natural Behavior**

Output Graphics

- Terms: anti-aliasing
- Models: stroke, pixel, region, color
- Coordinate systems
- Drawing Objects: Lines, Bezier Curves, Fonts, FontMetrics, Images,
- Transformations

Input Devices

- Why harder than output?
- Devices: keyboard, buttons, valuators, locators,
- Absolute, relative, clutched absolute locators

Input Models

- Terms: events
- Logical devices, events, sampling
- Unified model of events
- What does an event consist of?
- Extending events
- Synchronizing problem
- Dispatching and handling events

Questions?